57892 to 57911—Continued.

57903. "(No. 140. June 14, 1923.) Head selections with red glumes from fields in Sonawar."

57904. "(No. 143. June 15, 1923.) Head selections made in fields at Sumbal."

57905. "(No. 155. June 17, 1923.) Head selections from fields near Ganderbal."

57906. "(No. 156. June 17, 1923.) Head selections in fields about Ganderbal."

57907. "(No. 163. Ranbir Bagh. June 19, 1923.) Head selections made from wheat grown between the rows of grapes."

57908. "(No. 164b. Ranbir Bagh vineyard. June 19, 1923.) Awnless white wheat."

57909. "(No. 165. Ranbir Bagh vineyard. June 19, 1923.) Selections of an awned redchaffed wheat."

57910 and 57911. TRITICUM DURUM Desf. Poaceæ. Durum wheat.

57910. "(No. 144. June 15, 1923.) Head selections made in a field near Sumbal."

57911. "(No. 166. Ranbir Bagh vineyard. June 19, 1923.) Selections of durum wheat from the same vineyard as No. 165 [S. P. I. No. 57909]."

57912 to 57929.

From Avondale, Auckland, New Zealand. Plants presented by H. R. Wright. Received August 13, 1923. Quoted notes by Mr. Wright.

57912 to 57918. Amygdalus persica L. (Prunus persica Stokes). Amygdalaceæ. Peach.

57912. "Bennett's Perfection. A very late yellow freestone variety."

57913. "Early Gem. A very early variety with a splendid flavor; raised from the same parent as Sunrise [S. P. I. No. 57916]."

57914. "Golden Prolific. A yellow freestone variety of excellent flavor. Season medium."

57915. "Lord Kitchener. A late yellow freestone variety of fine flavor."

57918. "Sunrise. A very early variety of splendid flavor. The tree is sturdy and a good cropper."

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 55740.

57917. "Watt's Early. A seedling from Flat China, claimed by C. E. Vessey, of Australia, to be the earliest of all peach varieties."

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 55741.

57918. "White Cling. A white clingstone variety, with very juicy fruits of excellent flavor."

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 55742

57919 to 57928. PRUNUS spp. Amygdalaceæ.

57919 to 57921. PRUNUS CERASIFERA Ehrh. Cherry plum.

57919. "Anderson's Early. A glorified cherry plum about twice the size of the ordinary type. It is probably a cross between the cherry plum and the Japanese cherry."

57920 and 57921. "Palmer's Early. A yellow variety which we believe to be the earliest plum known. Because of its extreme earliness this plum should have great commercial possibilities."

57922. PRUNUS DOMESTICA L. Plum. "Jenkin's Seedling. A European variety, very early, which bears large crops of fine-flavored fruits."

57912 to 57929—Continued.

57923. PRUNUS SALICINA Lindl.
Japanese plum.

"Early Blood. The earliest blood plum we have raised; it ripens before the cherry plum. The fruit is of good flavor but too soft for long shipment."

57924 to 57926. Prunus salicina × cerasifera. Hybrid plum.

57924. "Fuller's Seedling. A cherry plum and Satsuma cross. A red-fleshed cherry plum, splendid for cooking and for jam. Propagated easily from cuttings."

57925. "Ford's Early. A cross between the cherry plum and Japanese plum. A heavy cropper, ripening early. The flavor strongly suggests the Japanese plum."

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 55716.

57926. "Norris Early. A cross between the cherry plum and Japanese plum. The crop is good and the season early."

57927. Pyrus communis L. Malaceæ. Pear

"Ruby. A Bon Chrétien seedling raised in Victoria. The tree is a good bearer, resembling Bon Chrétien in growth, and the ripening season in Australia is the latter end of March. The fruit is medium to large and of splendid quality."

57928. Malus Prunifolia (Willd.) Borkh. Malaceæ. **Apple**.

Introduced for testing as a stock for cultivated apple varieties.

57929. VITIS LABRUSCA \times VINIFERA. Vitaceæ. Grape.

"Albany Surprise. A large-fruited sport of Isabella."

57930. Ephedra altissima Desf. Gnetaceæ.

From Nice, France. Seeds presented by Dr. A. Robertson Proschowsky. Received September 4, 1923.

"This is a strikingly ornamental climber, attractive at all times, but especially so when covered with its small red fruits." (*Proschowsky*.)

57931 to 57936.

From Montevideo, Uruguay. Seeds presented by the Director, Dirección General de Paseos Públicos. Received September 4, 1923.

57931. Celtis selloviana Miquel. Ulmaceæ.

A much-branched spiny shrub, native to southern Brazil, with narrow, membranous, light-green, sharp-pointed leaves less than an inch long and inconspicuous flowers. (Adapted from Martius, Flora Brasiliensies, vol. 4, pt. 1, p. 179.)

57932. EUGENIA GLAUCESCENS Cambess. Myrtaces.

A large shrub, native to southern Brazil, with rather short, very narrow leaves up to 2½ inches in length and small white flowers borne singly in the axils of the leaves. (Adapted from St. Hilaire, Flora Brasiliae Meridionalis, vcl. 2, p. 868.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 50392-

57933. Manihot tweedieana Muell. Arg. Eu. phorbiaceæ.

A wild Brazilian species from which the Indians are said to obtain edible varieties by cultivating the plants for a few years.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 48678